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Matthews v. Wozencraft, 15 F.3d 432 (5th Cir. 1994)



First Amendment barred a right-of-publicity claim by a former law-enforcement officer for portraying his life in a book and movie.





Stephano v. News Group Publications, 474 N.E.2d 580 (N.Y. 1984)



A "newsworthiness exception" defeated a model's right-of-publicity claim where the photos he posed for were used for more than the one article he'd authorized.



Dryer v. NFL,

55 F. Supp. 3d 1181 (D. Minn. 2014)



Right of publicity claim for use of old film footage of athlete in new documentary-style television production was barred on by the "newsworthiness exception" notwithstanding that the passage of three or four decades.







Laws v. Sony Music, 448 F.3d 1134 (9th Cir. 2006)



Right-of-publicity claim for unauthorized use of Debra Laws' voice from 1981 "Very Special" in 2002 Jennifer Lopez song "All I Have" held preempted because of copyright preemption on the basis that Laws' voice was lifted from a copyrighted recording.









Polydoros v. 20th Century Fox, 79 Cal. Rptr. 2d 207 (Cal. Ct. App. 1997)



Where writer used a whole constellation of the plaintiff's indicia of identity, including name and likeness, and where people recognized the plaintiff as being portrayed in the film, the court rejected the right-of-publicity claim on summary judgment because of "a marked difference in age and other awkward characterizations of the facts and assertions irrelevant to the law.



















claims for unauthorized merchandizing

Courts seem to recognize that persons have the exclusive privilege to exploit their name and likeness in merchandising.

The sale of t-shirts or coffee mugs with the person's name or likeness violates.



claims for **virtual impressment**

Many (but not all) courts recognize claims against defendants who exploits a plaintiff's name, likeness, or voice in such a way that the plaintiff has been unwittingly employed to produce a performance that might otherwise require voluntarily supplied labor.





How this might make sense of the cases ...

Stephano v. News Group Publications, 474 N.E.2d 580 (N.Y. 1984)



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Downing v. Abercrombie & Fitch, 265 F.3d 994 (9th Cir. 2001)



Rejected First Amendment defense and upheld right of publicity violation for a 700-word story, "Your Beach Should Be This Cool," describing the history of surfing at a California beach. The court noted "The following page exhibits the photograph of Appellants. The two pages immediately thereafter feature [clothing for sale]."



Right of Publicity Realotheticals



















